



DRINKING WATER SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM

**METRO TORONTO  
(EASTERLY/  
F.J. HORGAN)  
WATER SUPPLY  
SYSTEM**

ANNUAL REPORT 1990

**TD  
380  
.06  
0526  
1992  
MOE**



Environment  
Environnement

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**ANNUAL REPORT 1990**

**SEPTEMBER 1992**



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## EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

### DRINKING WATER SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM

#### METRO TORONTO (EASTERLY/F.J. HORGAN) WATER SUPPLY SYSTEM 1990 ANNUAL REPORT

The Drinking Water Surveillance Program (DWSP) for Ontario is a monitoring program providing immediate, reliable, current information on drinking water quality. The DWSP officially began in April 1986 and is designed to eventually include all municipal supplies in Ontario. In 1990, 76 systems were being monitored.

The Metro Toronto (Easterly/F.J. Horgan) water supply system is a direct filtration treatment plant which treats water from Lake Ontario. The process consists of coagulation, flocculation, filtration, fluoridation and disinfection. Ammonia is added to the disinfection process to convert the free chlorine into a combined (chloramine) residual and sulphur dioxide is added to remove any excess chlorine. This plant has a rated capacity of 550.000 x 1000 m<sup>3</sup>/day. The Metro Toronto (Easterly/F.J. Horgan) water supply system along with the other Metro treatment facilities serves a population of approximately 2,333,300.

Water at the plant and at two locations in the distribution system was sampled for the presence of approximately 180 parameters. Parameters were divided into the following groups: bacteriological, inorganic and physical (laboratory chemistry, field chemistry and metals), and organic (chloroaromatics, chlorophenols, pesticides and PCB, phenolics, polyaromatic hydrocarbons, specific pesticides and volatiles). Samples were analyzed for specific pesticides and chlorophenols twice a year in the spring and fall.

Table A is a summary of all results by group.

No known health related guidelines were exceeded.

The Metro Toronto (Easterly/F.J. Horgan) water supply system, for the sample year 1990, produced good quality water and this was maintained in the distribution system.

TABLE A  
DRINKING WATER SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM METRO TORONTO (EASTERLY WSS)

SUMMARY TABLE BY SCAN

A POSITIVE VALUE DENOTES THAT THE RESULT IS GREATER THAN THE STATISTICAL LIMIT OF DETECTION AND IS QUANTIFIABLE  
A '.' INDICATES THAT NO SAMPLE WAS TAKEN

SCAN	SITE			RAW			TREATED			SITE 1			SITE 2		
	TESTS	POSITIVE	%POSITIVE	TESTS	POSITIVE	%POSITIVE	TESTS	POSITIVE	%POSITIVE	TESTS	POSITIVE	%POSITIVE	TESTS	POSITIVE	%POSITIVE
BACTERIOLOGICAL	18	16	88	6	0	0	6	1	16	5	0	0			
CHEMISTRY (FLD)	18	18	100	35	34	97	72	63	87	54	45	83			
CHEMISTRY (LAB)	132	111	84	132	100	75	228	209	91	171	159	92			
METALS	144	59	40	144	46	31	276	116	42	207	88	42			
CHLOROAROMATICS	84	0	0	84	0	0	84	0	0	70	0	0			
CHLOROPHENOLS	12	0	0	12	0	0	.	.	.	.	.	.			
PAH	99	0	0	102	0	0	17	0	0	17	0	0			
PESTICIDES & PCB	206	0	0	206	0	0	128	0	0	106	0	0			
PHENOLICS	6	2	33	6	2	33	.	.	.	.	.	.			
SPECIFIC PESTICIDES	70	0	0	70	0	0	6	0	0	5	0	0			
VOLATILES	174	4	2	174	24	13	174	24	13	145	20	13			
TOTAL	963	210		971	206		991	413		780	312				

## **DRINKING WATER SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM**

### **METRO TORONTO (EASTERLY/F.J. HORGAN) WATER SUPPLY SYSTEM 1990 ANNUAL REPORT**

#### **INTRODUCTION**

The Drinking Water Surveillance Program (DWSP) for Ontario is a monitoring program providing immediate, reliable, current information on drinking water quality. The DWSP officially began in April 1986 and is designed to eventually include all municipal supplies in Ontario. In 1990, 76 systems were being monitored.

Appendix A has a full description of the DWSP.

The DWSP was initiated for the Metro Toronto (Easterly) water supply system) in the spring of 1987. Previous annual reports have been published for 1987, 1988, and 1989.

#### **PLANT DESCRIPTION**

The Metro Toronto (Easterly/F.J. Horgan) water supply system is a direct filtration treatment plant which treats water from Lake Ontario. The process consists of coagulation, flocculation, filtration, fluoridation and disinfection. Ammonia is added to the disinfection process to convert the free chlorine into a combined (chloramine) residual and sulphur dioxide is added to remove any excess chlorine. This plant has a rated capacity of  $550.000 \times 1000 \text{ m}^3/\text{day}$ . The Metro Toronto (Easterly/F.J. Horgan) water supply system along with the other Metro treatment facilities serves a population of approximately 2,333,300.

The sample day flows ranged from  $332.79 \times 1000 \text{ m}^3/\text{day}$  to  $513.0 \times 1000 \text{ m}^3/\text{day}$ .

General plant information is presented in Table 1 and a schematic of plant processes, chemical addition points and sampling locations in Figure 1.

#### **SAMPLING AND ANALYSES**

Sample lines in the plant were flushed prior to sampling to ensure that the water obtained was indicative of its origin and not residual water standing in the sample line.

At all distribution system locations two types of samples were obtained, a standing and a free flow. The standing sample consisted of water that had been in the household plumbing and service

connection for a minimum of six hours. These samples were used to make an assessment of the change in the levels of inorganic compounds and metals, due to leaching from, or deposition on, the plumbing system. The only analyses carried out on the standing samples therefore, were General Chemistry and Metals. The free flow sample represented fresh water from the distribution main, since the sample tap was flushed for five minutes prior to sampling.

Attempts were made to capture the same block of water at each sampling point by taking the retention time into consideration. Retention time was calculated by dividing the volume of water between two sampling points by sample day flow. For example, if it was determined that retention time within the plant was five hours, then there would be a five hour interval between the raw and treated sampling. Similarly, if it was estimated that it took approximately one day for the water to travel from the plant to the distribution system site, this site would be sampled one day after the treated water from the plant.

Stringent DWSP sampling protocols were followed to ensure that all samples were taken in a uniform manner (see Appendix B).

Plant operating personnel routinely analyze parameters for process control (Table 2).

Water at the plant and at one location in the distribution system was sampled for the presence of approximately 180 parameters. Parameters were divided into the following groups: bacteriological, inorganic and physical (laboratory chemistry, field chemistry and metals), and organic (chloroaromatics, chlorophenols, pesticides and PCB, phenolics, polyaromatic hydrocarbons, specific pesticides and volatiles). Samples were analyzed for specific pesticides and chlorophenols twice a year in the spring and fall. Laboratory analyses were conducted at the Ministry of the Environment facilities in Rexdale, Ontario.

## **RESULTS**

Field measurements were recorded on the day of sampling and were entered onto the DWSP database as submitted by plant personnel.

Table 3 contains information on delay time between raw and treated water sampling, flow rate, and treatment chemical dosages.

Table 4 is a summary break-down of the number of water samples analyzed by parameter and by water type. The number of times that a positive or trace result was detected is also reported.

Positive denotes that the result is greater than the statistical limit of detection established by the Ministry of the Environment laboratory staff and is quantifiable. Trace (<T) denotes that the

level measured is greater than the lowest value detectable by the method but lies so close to the detection limit that it cannot be confidently quantified.

Table 5 presents the results for parameters detected on at least one occasion.

Table 6 lists all parameters analyzed in the DWSP.

Associated guidelines and detection limits are also supplied on Tables 5 and 6. Parameters are listed alphabetically within each scan.

## **DISCUSSION**

### **GENERAL**

Water quality was judged by comparison with the Ontario Drinking Water Objectives publication (ODWOs). When an Ontario Drinking Water Objective (ODWO) was not available, guidelines/limits from other agencies were used. These guidelines were obtained from the Parameter Listing System database.

#### **IN THIS REPORT, DISCUSSION IS LIMITED TO:**

- THE TREATED AND DISTRIBUTED WATER;
- ONLY THOSE PARAMETERS WITH CONCENTRATIONS ABOVE GUIDELINE VALUES; AND
- POSITIVE ORGANIC PARAMETERS DETECTED.

### **BACTERIOLOGICAL**

Guidelines for bacteriological sampling and testing of a supply are developed to maintain a proper supervision of its bacteriological quality. Routine monitoring programs usually require that multiple samples be collected in a given system. Full interpretation of bacteriological quality cannot be made on the basis of single samples.

Standard plate count was the only bacteriological analysis conducted on the treated and distributed water. No results were reported above the guideline.

### **INORGANIC & PHYSICAL**

#### **CHEMISTRY (FIELD)**

It is desirable that the temperature of drinking water be less than 15°C. The palatability of water is enhanced by its coolness. A temperature below 15°C will tend to reduce the growth of nuisance



organisms and hence minimize associated taste, colour, odour and corrosion problems. The temperature of the delivered water may increase in the distribution system due to the warming effect of the soil in late summer and fall and/or as a result of higher temperatures in the source water.

Field temperature exceeded the ODWO Maximum Desirable Concentration of 15°C in 3 of 17 treated and distributed water samples with a maximum reported value of 18.0°C.

#### CHEMISTRY (LAB)

The ODWOs indicate that a hardness level of between 80 and 100 mg/L as calcium carbonate for domestic waters provides an acceptable balance between corrosion and encrustation. Water supplies with a hardness greater than 200 mg/L are considered poor and would possess a tendency to form scale deposits and result in excessive soap consumption.

Hardness exceeded the ODWO Aesthetic or Recommended Operational Guideline of 80-100 mg/L in all treated and distributed water samples with a maximum reported value of 139.0 mg/L.

Total ammonium exceeded the European Economic Community Aesthetic Guideline Level of 0.05 mg/L in 17 of 17 treated and distributed water samples with a maximum reported value of 0.150 mg/L. Ammonia was added to the disinfection process to convert free chlorine to a combined residual. It was expected, therefore, to find slightly elevated levels in the treated water.

#### METALS

At present, there is no evidence that aluminum is physiologically harmful and no health limit for drinking water has been specified. The measure of aluminum in treated water is important to indicate the efficiency of the treatment process. The ODWOs indicate that a useful guideline is to maintain a residual below 100 ug/L as aluminum in the water leaving the plant, to avoid problems in the distribution system.

Aluminum exceeded the ODWO Aesthetic or Recommended Operational Guideline of 100 ug/L in 7 of 17 treated and distributed water samples with a maximum reported value of 250.0 ug/L.

#### ORGANIC

##### CHLOROAROMATICS

The results of the chloroaromatic scan showed that none were detected.

## CHLOROPHENOLS

The results of the chlorophenol scan showed that none were detected.

## POLYAROMATIC HYDROCARBONS (PAH)

The results of the PAH scan showed that none were detected above trace levels.

## PESTICIDES & PCB

The results of the PCB scan showed that none were detected.

The results of the regular pesticide scan showed that none were detected above trace levels.

## PHENOLICS

Phenolic compounds are present in the aquatic environment as a result of natural and/or industrial processes. The ODWOs recommend, as an operational guideline, that phenolic substances in drinking water not exceed 2.0 ug/L. This limit has been set primarily to prevent undesirable taste and odours, particularly in chlorinated water. No results exceeded the guideline.

## SPECIFIC PESTICIDES

The results of the specific pesticides scan showed that none were detected above trace levels.

## VOLATILES

The detection of benzene, ethylbenzene, toluene and xylenes at low, trace levels may be a laboratory artifact derived from the analytical methodology.

Trihalomethanes (THMs) are produced during the water treatment process and will always occur in chlorinated waters. THMs are comprised of chloroform, chlorodibromomethane and dichlorobromomethane; bromoform occurs occasionally. Results are reported for the individual compounds as well as for total THMs. Only total THMs results are discussed.

Total THMs were found at positive levels in the 17 treated and distributed water samples analyzed with a maximum level of 23.6 ug/L. This was below the ODWO Maximum Acceptable Concentration of 350 ug/L.

Positive and trace levels of trihalomethanes were also reported in some raw water samples indicating that raw water samples were obtained to soon after turning off the lowlift prechlorination.

### CONCLUSIONS

The Metro Toronto (Easterly/F.J. Horgan) water supply system, for the sample year 1990, produced good quality water and this was maintained in the distribution system.

No known health related guidelines were exceeded.



FIGURE 1

# METRO TORONTO (EASTERLY) WATER TREATMENT PLANT

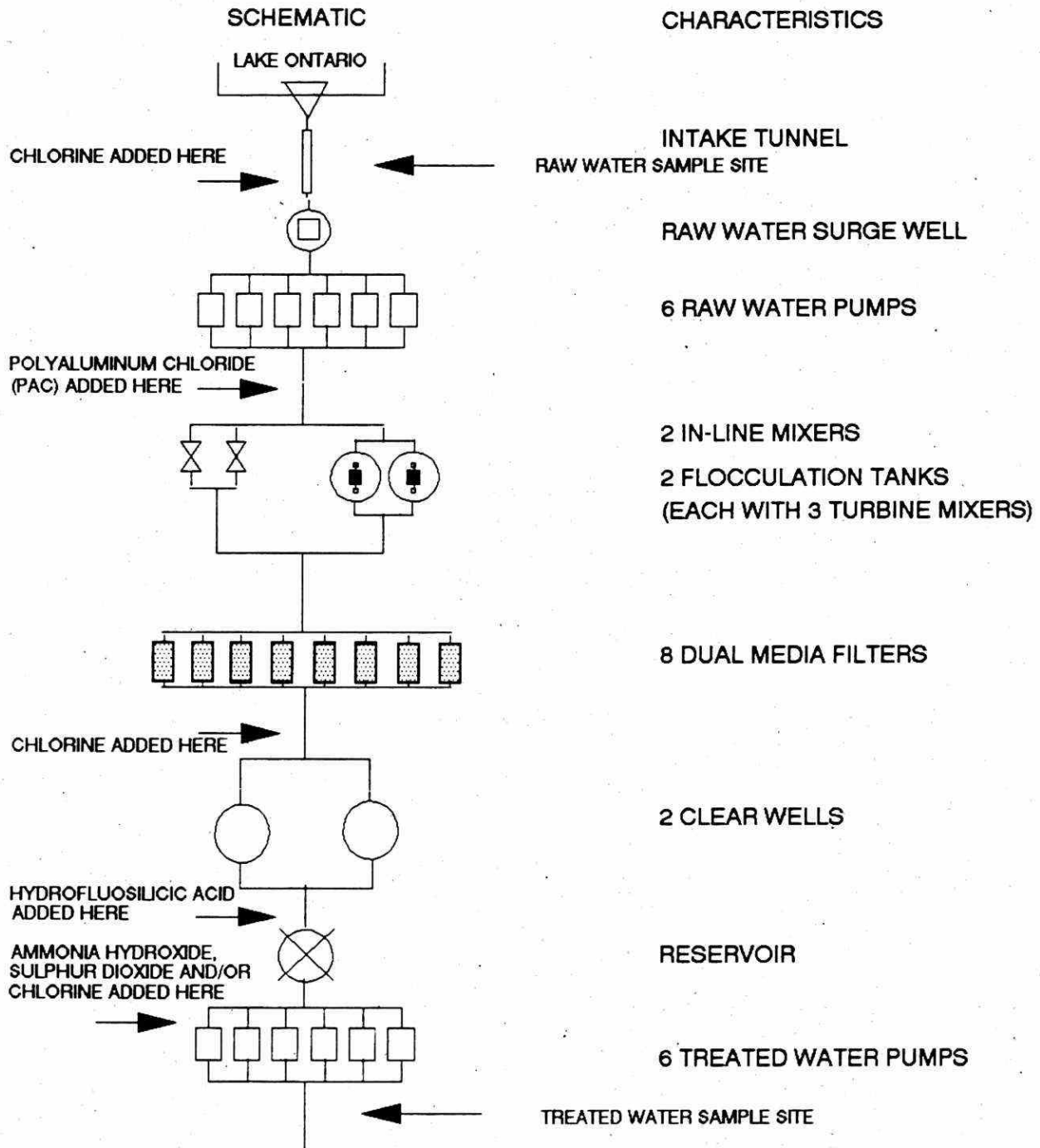


TABLE 1

## DRINKING WATER SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM

## PLANT GENERAL REPORT

WORKS #: 220004536  
 PLANT NAME: METRO TORONTO (EASTERLY/F.J.HORGAN) WTP  
 DISTRICT: TORONTO EAST  
 REGION: CENTRAL  
 DISTRICT OFFICER: MR. D. HOGG

UTM #: 176476004846550

PLANT SUPERINTENDENT: MR. W. RIDDOCK

ADDRESS: 201 COPPERFIELD RD  
 WEST HILL, ONTARIO  
 M1E 4R5  
 (416)392-2574

MUNICIPALITY: METRO TORONTO  
 AUTHORITY: MUNICIPALITY

## PLANT INFORMATION

PLANT VOLUME:	103.805	(X 1000 M3)
DESIGN CAPACITY:	450.000	(X 1000 M3/DAY)
RATED CAPACITY:	550.000	(X 1000 M3/DAY)

MUNICIPALITY	POPULATION
BOROUGH OF EAST YORK	97,679
CITY OF ETOBICOKE	298,490
CITY OF NORTH YORK	556,308
CITY OF SCARBOROUGH	461,957
CITY OF TORONTO	615,000
CITY OF YORK	133,856
REGION OF YORK(SOUTH)	170,000

**TABLE 2**  
**DRINKING WATER SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM**  
**IN-PLANT MONITORING**

PARAMETER -----	LOCATION -----	FREQUENCY -----
ALUMINUM	TREATED WATER IN LAB	DAILY
FREE CHLORINE RESIDUAL	AFTER CLARIFIERS	CONTINUOUS
	AFTER DISINFECTION	CONTINUOUS
	AFTER FILTERS	CONTINUOUS
	HIGHLIFT DISCHARGE	CONTINUOUS
COLOUR	TREATED WATER IN LAB	DAILY
	FILTERED WATER IN LAB	DAILY
	RAW WATER IN LAB	DAILY
TOTAL CHLORINE RESIDUAL	AFTER DISINFECTION	CONTINUOUS
	FILTERED WATER IN LAB	DAILY
	TREATED WATER	CONTINUOUS
AMMONIA TEST	TREATED WATER IN LAB	N 2HRL
	FILTERED WATER IN LAB	N 2HRL
	RAW WATER IN LAB	N 2HRL
PH	TREATED WATER IN LAB	DAILY
	RAW WATER IN LAB	DAILY
	RAW WATER	CONTINUOUS
TASTE & ODOUR	TREATED WATER IN LAB	HOURLY
	FILTERED WATER IN LAB	HOURLY
TEMPERATURE	RAW WATER	CONTINUOUS
TURBIDITY	FILTERED WATER IN LAB	DAILY
	AFTER FILTERS	CONTINUOUS
	RAW WATER	CONTINUOUS
	TREATED WATER	CONTINUOUS

TABLE 3  
DRINKING WATER SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM METRO TORONTO (EASTERLY WSS) SAMPLE DAY CONDITIONS F 1990

DATE	DELAY *	FLOW TIME(HRS) (1000M3)	TREATMENT CHEMICAL DOSAGE (MG/L)		PRE CHLORINATION	FLUORIDATION	DECHLORINATION	CHLORAMINATION
			COAGULATION	POST CHLORINATION				
			POLY ALUMINUM CHLORIDE	CHLORINE	CHLORINE	HYDROFLUOSILICIC ACID	SULPHUR DIOXIDE	ANHYDROUS AMMONIA
FEB 20	6.24	332.790	.75	1.45	.80	.98	.95	.16
APR 18	7.40	336.000	.95	.60	.70	1.03	.19	.17
JUN 19	4.86	513.000	1.00	1.05	.80	1.02	.41	.17
AUG 21	6.10	397.970	1.60	1.90	.80	1.05	.90	.17
OCT 16	5.40	380.890	.70	1.00	.80	.99	.36	.17
DEC 18	.00	338.810	.60	2.60	.80	1.06	1.45	.17

\* THE DELAY TIME BETWEEN THE RAW AND TREATED WATER SAMPLING, SHOULD ESTIMATE THE RETENTION TIME.

TABLE 4  
DRINKING WATER SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM METRO TORONTO (EASTERLY WSS)  
SUMMARY TABLE OF RESULTS (1990)

SCAN PARAMETER	RAW			TREATED			SITE 1			SITE 2		
	TOTAL	POSITIVE	TRACE	TOTAL	POSITIVE	TRACE	TOTAL	POSITIVE	TRACE	TOTAL	POSITIVE	TRACE
BACTERIOLOGICAL												
FECAL COLIFORM MF	6	5	0	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
STANDRD PLATE CNT MF	.	.	.	6	0	0	6	1	0	5	0	0
TOTAL COLIFORM MF	6	5	0	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
T COLIFORM BCKGRD MF	6	6	0	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
*TOTAL GROUP BACTERIOLOGICAL	18	16	0	6	0	0	6	1	0	5	0	0
CHEMISTRY (FLD)												
FLD CHLORINE (COMB)	.	.	.	6	6	0	12	12	0	9	9	0
FLD CHLORINE FREE	.	.	.	5	4	0	12	3	0	9	0	0
FLD CHLORINE (TOTAL)	.	.	.	6	6	0	12	12	0	9	9	0
FLD PH	6	6	0	6	6	0	12	12	0	9	9	0
FLD TEMPERATURE	6	6	0	6	6	0	12	12	0	9	9	0
FLD TURBIDITY	6	6	0	6	6	0	12	12	0	9	9	0
*TOTAL SCAN CHEMISTRY (FLD)	18	18	0	35	34	0	72	63	0	54	45	0
CHEMISTRY (LAB)												
ALKALINITY	6	6	0	6	6	0	12	12	0	9	9	0
CALCIUM	6	6	0	6	6	0	12	12	0	9	9	0
CYANIDE	6	0	0	6	0	1	.	.	.	.	.	.
CHLORIDE	6	6	0	6	6	0	12	12	0	9	9	0
COLOUR	6	0	6	6	0	6	12	0	12	9	0	9
CONDUCTIVITY	6	6	0	6	6	0	12	12	0	9	9	0
DISS ORG CARBON	6	6	0	6	6	0	12	12	0	9	9	0
FLUORIDE	6	6	0	6	6	0	12	12	0	9	9	0
HARDNESS	6	6	0	6	6	0	12	12	0	9	9	0
IONCAL	6	6	0	6	6	0	12	12	0	9	9	0
LANGELIERS INDEX	6	6	0	6	6	0	12	12	0	9	9	0
MAGNESIUM	6	6	0	6	6	0	12	12	0	9	9	0
SODIUM	6	6	0	6	6	0	12	12	0	9	9	0
AMMONIUM TOTAL	6	4	0	6	6	0	12	12	0	9	8	0
NITRITE	6	4	2	6	0	5	12	6	6	9	7	2
TOTAL NITRATES	6	6	0	6	6	0	12	12	0	9	9	0
NITROGEN TOT KJELD	6	6	0	6	6	0	12	12	0	9	9	0
PH	6	6	0	6	6	0	12	12	0	9	9	0
PHOSPHORUS FIL REACT	6	1	4	6	1	5	.	.	.	.	.	.
PHOSPHORUS TOTAL	6	6	0	6	0	6	.	.	.	.	.	.
SULPHATE	6	6	0	6	6	0	12	12	0	9	9	0
TURBIDITY	6	6	0	6	3	3	12	11	1	9	9	0
*TOTAL SCAN CHEMISTRY (LAB)	132	111	12	132	100	26	228	209	19	171	159	11

TABLE 4  
DRINKING WATER SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM METRO TORONTO (EASTERLY WSS)  
SUMMARY TABLE OF RESULTS (1990)

SCAN PARAMETER	RAW			TREATED			SITE 1			SITE 2		
	TOTAL POSITIVE TRACE			TOTAL POSITIVE TRACE			TOTAL POSITIVE TRACE			TOTAL POSITIVE TRACE		
-----												
METALS												
SILVER	6	0	0	6	0	1	12	0	1	9	0	0
ALUMINUM	6	6	0	6	6	0	12	12	0	9	9	0
ARSENIC	6	0	6	6	1	5	12	5	7	9	2	7
BARIUM	6	6	0	6	6	0	12	12	0	9	9	0
BORON	6	6	0	6	6	0	12	12	0	9	9	0
BERYLLIUM	6	0	1	6	0	1	12	0	2	9	0	1
CADMIUM	6	0	1	6	0	1	12	0	2	9	0	1
COBALT	6	0	6	6	0	6	12	0	9	9	0	7
CHROMIUM	6	0	5	6	0	5	12	0	9	9	0	5
COPPER	6	6	0	6	4	2	12	12	0	9	4	5
IRON	6	2	3	6	0	0	12	0	2	9	4	5
MERCURY	6	0	0	6	0	0	.	.	.	.	.	.
MANGANESE	6	6	0	6	2	4	12	4	8	9	9	0
MOLYBDENUM	6	6	0	6	6	0	12	12	0	9	9	0
NICKEL	6	1	5	6	0	6	12	3	9	9	1	8
LEAD	6	2	4	6	0	6	12	8	4	9	4	5
ANTIMONY	6	4	2	6	4	2	12	10	2	9	9	0
SELENIUM	6	0	1	6	0	2	12	0	7	9	0	5
STRONTIUM	6	6	0	6	6	0	12	12	0	9	9	0
TITANIUM	6	2	4	6	0	6	12	2	10	9	2	7
THALLIUM	6	0	0	6	0	0	12	0	0	9	0	0
URANIUM	6	0	6	6	0	6	12	0	12	9	0	9
VANADIUM	6	0	6	6	0	6	12	0	12	9	0	9
ZINC	6	6	0	6	5	1	12	12	0	9	8	1
*TOTAL SCAN METALS												
	144	59	50	144	46	60	276	116	96	207	88	75
*TOTAL GROUP INORGANIC & PHYSICAL												
	294	188	62	311	180	86	576	388	115	432	292	86
-----												
CHLOROAROMATICS												
HEXACHLOROBUTADIENE	6	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	5	0	0
123 TRICHLOROBENZENE	6	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	5	0	0
1234 T-CHLOROBENZENE	6	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	5	0	0
1235 T-CHLOROBENZENE	6	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	5	0	0
124 TRICHLOROBENZENE	6	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	5	0	0
1245 T-CHLOROBENZENE	6	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	5	0	0
135 TRICHLOROBENZENE	6	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	5	0	0
HCB	6	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	5	0	0
HEXACHLOROETHANE	6	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	5	0	0
OCTACHLOROSTYRENE	6	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	5	0	0
PENTACHLOROBENZENE	6	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	5	0	0
236 TRICHLOROTOLUENE	6	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	5	0	0
245 TRICHLOROTOLUENE	6	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	5	0	0
26A TRICHLOROTOLUENE	6	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	5	0	0
*TOTAL SCAN CHLOROAROMATICS												
	84	0	0	84	0	0	84	0	0	70	0	0

TABLE 4  
DRINKING WATER SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM METRO TORONTO (EASTERLY WSS)  
SUMMARY TABLE OF RESULTS (1990)

SCAN PARAMETER	RAW			TREATED			SITE 1			SITE 2		
	TOTAL	POSITIVE	TRACE	TOTAL	POSITIVE	TRACE	TOTAL	POSITIVE	TRACE	TOTAL	POSITIVE	TRACE
CHLOROPHENOLS												
234 TRICHLOROPHENOL	2	0	0	2	0	0	.	.	.	.	.	.
2345 T-CHLOROPHENOL	2	0	0	2	0	0	.	.	.	.	.	.
2356 T-CHLOROPHENOL	2	0	0	2	0	0	.	.	.	.	.	.
245-TRICHLOROPHENOL	2	0	0	2	0	0	.	.	.	.	.	.
246-TRICHLOROPHENOL	2	0	0	2	0	0	.	.	.	.	.	.
PENTACHLOROPHENOL	2	0	0	2	0	0	.	.	.	.	.	.
*TOTAL SCAN CHLOROPHENOLS	12	0	0	12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
PAH												
PHENANTHRENE	6	0	0	6	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	1
ANTHRACENE	5	0	0	6	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0
FLUORANTHENE	6	0	0	6	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0
PYRENE	6	0	0	6	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0
BENZO(A)ANTHRACENE	6	0	0	6	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0
CHRYSENE	6	0	0	6	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0
DIMETH. BENZ(A)ANTHR	5	0	0	6	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0
BENZO(E) PYRENE	6	0	0	6	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0
BENZO(B) FLUORANTHEN	6	0	0	6	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0
PERYLENE	6	0	0	6	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0
BENZO(K) FLUORANTHEN	6	0	0	6	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0
BENZO(A) PYRENE	5	0	0	6	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0
BENZO(G,H,I) PERYLEN	6	0	0	6	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0
DIBENZO(A,H) ANTHRAC	6	0	0	6	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0
INDENO(1,2,3-C,D) PY	6	0	0	6	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0
BENZO(B) CHRYSENE	6	0	0	6	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0
CORONENE	6	0	0	6	0	0	1	0	0	1	0	0
*TOTAL SCAN PAH	99	0	0	102	0	0	17	0	0	17	0	1
PESTICIDES & PCB												
ALDRIN	6	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	5	0	0
ALPHA BHC	6	0	4	6	0	4	6	0	3	5	0	3
BETA BHC	6	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	5	0	0
LINDANE	6	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	5	0	0
ALPHA CHLORDANE	6	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	5	0	0
GAMMA CHLORDANE	6	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	5	0	0
DIELDRIN	6	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	5	0	0
METHOXYCHLOR	6	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	5	0	0
ENDOSULFAN I	6	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	5	0	0
ENDOSULFAN II	6	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	5	0	0
ENDRIN	6	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	5	0	0
ENDOSULFAN SULPHATE	6	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	5	0	0
HEPTACHLOR EPOXIDE	6	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	5	0	0
HEPTACHLOR	6	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	5	0	0
MIREX	6	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	5	0	0
OXYCHLORDANE	6	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	5	0	0
OPDDT	6	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	5	0	0
PCB	6	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	5	0	0
DDD	6	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	5	0	0
PPDDE	6	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	5	0	0

TABLE 4  
DRINKING WATER SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM METRO TORONTO (EASTERLY WSS)  
SUMMARY TABLE OF RESULTS (1990)

SCAN PARAMETER	RAW			TREATED			SITE 1			SITE 2		
	TOTAL	POSITIVE	TRACE	TOTAL	POSITIVE	TRACE	TOTAL	POSITIVE	TRACE	TOTAL	POSITIVE	TRACE
PPDDT	6	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	5	0	0
AMETRINE	6	0	0	6	0	0	.	.	.	.	.	.
ATRAZINE	6	0	1	6	0	0	.	.	.	.	.	.
ATRATONE	6	0	0	6	0	0	.	.	.	.	.	.
CYANAZINE (BLADEx)	6	0	0	6	0	0	.	.	.	.	.	.
DESETHYLATRAZINE	6	0	0	6	0	0	.	.	.	.	.	.
D-ETHYL SIMAZINE	6	0	0	6	0	0	.	.	.	.	.	.
PROMETONE	6	0	0	6	0	0	.	.	.	.	.	.
PROPAZINE	6	0	0	6	0	0	.	.	.	.	.	.
PROMETRYNE	6	0	0	6	0	0	.	.	.	.	.	.
METRIBUZIN (SENCOR)	6	0	0	6	0	0	.	.	.	.	.	.
SIMAZINE	6	0	0	6	0	0	.	.	.	.	.	.
ALACHLOR (LASSO)	6	0	0	6	0	0	.	.	.	.	.	.
METOLACHLOR	6	0	0	6	0	0	.	.	.	.	.	.
HEXACHLOROCYCLOPENTADIEN	2	0	0	2	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	0
*TOTAL SCAN PESTICIDES & PCB	206	0	5	206	0	4	128	0	3	106	0	3
-----												
PHENOLICS												
PHENOLICS	6	2	2	6	2	4	.	.	.	.	.	.
*TOTAL SCAN PHENOLICS	6	2	2	6	2	4	0	0	0	0	0	0
-----												
SPECIFIC PESTICIDES												
TOXAPHENE	6	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	5	0	0
2,4,5-T	2	0	0	2	0	0	.	.	.	.	.	.
2,4-D	2	0	0	2	0	0	.	.	.	.	.	.
2,4-DB	2	0	0	2	0	0	.	.	.	.	.	.
2,4 D PROPIONIC ACID	2	0	0	2	0	0	.	.	.	.	.	.
DICAMBA	2	0	0	2	0	0	.	.	.	.	.	.
PICHLORAM	1	0	0	1	0	0	.	.	.	.	.	.
SILVEX	2	0	0	2	0	0	.	.	.	.	.	.
DIAZINON	3	0	0	3	0	0	.	.	.	.	.	.
DICHLOROVOS	3	0	0	3	0	0	.	.	.	.	.	.
CHLORPYRIFOS	3	0	0	3	0	0	.	.	.	.	.	.
ETHION	3	0	0	3	0	0	.	.	.	.	.	.
AZINPHOS-METHYL	0	0	0	0	0	0	.	.	.	.	.	.
MALATHION	3	0	0	3	0	0	.	.	.	.	.	.
MEVINPHOS	3	0	0	3	0	0	.	.	.	.	.	.
METHYL PARATHION	3	0	0	3	0	0	.	.	.	.	.	.
METHYLTRITHION	3	0	0	3	0	0	.	.	.	.	.	.
PARATHION	3	0	0	3	0	1	.	.	.	.	.	.
PHORATE	2	0	0	2	0	0	.	.	.	.	.	.
RELDAN	3	0	0	3	0	0	.	.	.	.	.	.
RONNEL	3	0	0	3	0	0	.	.	.	.	.	.
AMINOCARB	0	0	0	0	0	0	.	.	.	.	.	.
BENONYL	0	0	0	0	0	0	.	.	.	.	.	.
BUX	0	0	0	0	0	0	.	.	.	.	.	.
CARBOFURAN	2	0	0	2	0	0	.	.	.	.	.	.
CICP	2	0	0	2	0	0	.	.	.	.	.	.
DIALATE	2	0	0	2	0	0	.	.	.	.	.	.



TABLE 4  
DRINKING WATER SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM METRO TORONTO (EASTERLY WSS)  
SUMMARY TABLE OF RESULTS (1990)

SCAN PARAMETER	RAW			TREATED			SITE 1			SITE 2		
	TOTAL	POSITIVE	TRACE	TOTAL	POSITIVE	TRACE	TOTAL	POSITIVE	TRACE	TOTAL	POSITIVE	TRACE
EPTAM	2	0	0	2	0	0	.	.	.	.	.	.
IPC	2	0	0	2	0	0	.	.	.	.	.	.
PROPOXUR	2	0	0	2	0	0	.	.	.	.	.	.
CARBARYL	2	0	0	2	0	0	.	.	.	.	.	.
BUTYLATE	2	0	0	2	0	0	.	.	.	.	.	.
*TOTAL SCAN SPECIFIC PESTICIDES	70	0	0	70	0	1	6	0	0	5	0	0
VOLATILES												
BENZENE	6	0	2	6	0	1	6	0	0	5	0	0
TOLUENE	6	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	1	5	0	0
ETHYLBENZENE	6	0	4	6	0	2	6	0	3	5	0	1
P-XYLENE	6	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	5	0	0
M-XYLENE	6	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	5	0	0
O-XYLENE	6	0	0	6	0	1	6	0	0	5	0	0
STYRENE	6	0	6	6	0	1	6	0	4	5	0	2
1,1 DICHLOROETHYLENE	6	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	5	0	0
METHYLENE CHLORIDE	6	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	5	0	0
1,2 DICHLOROETHANE	6	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	5	0	0
1,1 DICHLOROETHANE	6	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	5	0	0
CHLOROFORM	6	1	3	6	6	0	6	6	0	5	5	0
111, TRICHLOROETHANE	6	0	1	6	0	0	6	0	0	5	0	1
1,2 DICHLOROETHANE	6	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	5	0	0
CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	6	0	0	6	0	1	6	0	0	5	0	1
1,2 DICHLOROPROPANE	6	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	5	0	0
TRICHLOROETHYLENE	6	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	5	0	0
DICHLOROBROMOMETHANE	6	1	3	6	6	0	6	6	0	5	5	0
112 TRICHLOROETHANE	6	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	5	0	0
CHLORODIBROMOMETHANE	6	1	2	6	6	0	6	6	0	5	5	0
T-CHLOROETHYLENE	6	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	5	0	0
BROMOFORM	6	0	0	6	0	6	6	0	6	5	0	5
1122 T-CHLOROETHANE	6	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	5	0	0
CHLOROBENZENE	6	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	5	0	0
1,4 DICHLOROBENZENE	6	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	5	0	0
1,3 DICHLOROBENZENE	6	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	5	0	0
1,2 DICHLOROBENZENE	6	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	5	0	0
ETHYLENE DIBROMIDE	6	0	0	6	0	0	6	0	0	5	0	0
TOTL TRIHALOMETHANES	6	1	1	6	6	0	6	6	0	5	5	0
*TOTAL SCAN VOLATILES	174	4	22	174	24	12	174	24	14	145	20	10
*TOTAL GROUP ORGANIC	651	6	29	654	26	21	409	24	17	343	20	14

KEY TO TABLE 5 and 6

- A ONTARIO DRINKING WATER OBJECTIVES (ODWO)  
1. Maximum Acceptable Concentration (MAC)  
1+. MAC for Total Trihalomethanes  
2. Interim Maximum Acceptable Concentration (IMAC)  
3. Aesthetic Objective (AO)  
3+. AO for Total Xylenes  
4. Recommended Operational Guideline
- B HEALTH & WELFARE CANADA (H&W)  
1. Maximum Acceptable Concentration (MAC)  
2. Proposed MAC  
3. Interim MAC  
4. Aesthetic Objective (AO)
- C WORLD HEALTH ORGANIZATION (WHO)  
1. Guideline Value (GV)  
2. Tentative GV  
3. Aesthetic GV
- D US ENVIRONMENTAL PROTECTION AGENCY (EPA)  
1. Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL)  
2. Suggested No-Adverse Effect Level (SNAEL)  
3. Lifetime Health Advisory  
4. EPA Ambient Water Quality Criteria  
4T. EPA Ambient Water Quality Criteria for Total PAH
- F EUROPEAN ECONOMIC COMMUNITY (EEC)  
1. Health Related Guideline Level  
2. Aesthetic Guideline Level  
3. Maximum Admissible Concentration (MADC)
- G CALIFORNIA STATE DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH-GUIDELINE VALUE
- I NEW YORK STATE AMBIENT WATER GUIDELINE
- N/A NONE AVAILABLE

LABORATORY RESULTS, REMARK DESCRIPTIONS

.	No Sample Taken
BDL	Below Minimum Measurement Amount
<T	Greater Than Detection Limit But Not Confident (SEE INTERPRETATION OF RESULTS ABOVE)
>	Results Are Greater Than The Upper Limit
<=>	Approximate Result
!CS	No Data: Contamination Suspected
!IL	No Data: Sample Incorrectly Labelled
!IS	No Data: Insufficient Sample
!IV	No Data: Inverted Septum
!LA	No Data: Laboratory Accident
!LD	No Data: Test Queued After Sample Discarded
!NA	No Data: No Authorization To Perform Reanalysis
!NP	No Data: No Procedure
!NR	No Data: Sample Not Received
!OP	No Data: Obscured Plate
!QU	No Data: Quality Control Unacceptable
!PE	No Data: Procedural Error - Sample Discarded
!PH	No Data: Sample pH Outside Valid Range
!RE	No Data: Received Empty
!RO	No Data: See Attached Report (no numeric results)
!SM	No Data: Sample Missing
!SS	No Data: Send Separate Sample Properly Preserved
!UI	No Data: Indeterminant Interference
!TX	No Data: Time Expired
A3C	Approximate, Total Count Exceeded 300 Colonies
APL	Additional Peak, Large, Not Priority Pollutant
APS	Additional Peak, Less Than, Not Priority Pollutant
CIC	Possible Contamination, Improper Cap
CRO	Calculated Result Only
PPS	Test Performed On Preserved Sample
RMP	P and M-Xylene Not Separated
RRV	Rerun Verification
RVU	Reported Value Unusual
SPS	Several Peaks, Small, Not Priority Pollutant

UCR            Unreliable: Could Not Confirm By Reanalysis  
UCS            Unreliable: Contamination Suspected  
UIN            Unreliable: Indeterminate Interference  
XP            Positive After X Number Of Hours  
T#            (T06)            Result Taken After # Hours

TABLE 5  
DRINKING WATER SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM METRO TORONTO (EASTERLY WSS) 1990

WATER TREATMENT PLANT

DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM

RAW		TREATED	SITE 1		SITE 2	
			STANDING	FREE FLOW	STANDING	FREE FLOW
BACTERIOLOGICAL						
FECAL COLIFORM MF (CT/100ML )			DET'N LIMIT = 0	GUIDELINE = 0 (A1)		
FEB	0	.	.	.	.	.
APR	2	.	.	.	.	.
JUN	6	.	.	.	.	.
AUG	2	.	.	.	.	.
OCT	2	.	.	.	.	.
DEC	2	.	.	.	.	.
STANDRD PLATE CNT MF (COUNT/ML )			DET'N LIMIT = 0	GUIDELINE = 500/ML (A3)		
FEB	.	0 <=>	.	0 <=>	.	0 <=>
APR	.	1 <=>	.	0 <=>	.	4 <=>
JUN	.	0 <=>	.	10	.	0 <=>
AUG	.	1 <=>	.	2 <=>	.	9 <=>
OCT	.	6 <=>	.	9 <=>	.	.
DEC	.	1 <=>	.	2 <=>	.	2 <=>
TOTAL COLIFORM MF (CT/100ML )			DET'N LIMIT = 0	GUIDELINE = 5/100ML(A1)		
FEB	96	.	.	.	.	.
APR	12	.	.	.	.	.
JUN	144	.	.	.	.	.
AUG	8	.	.	.	.	.
OCT	20 <=>	.	.	.	.	.
DEC	40	.	.	.	.	.
T COLIFORM BCKGRD MF (CT/100ML )			DET'N LIMIT = 0	GUIDELINE = N/A		
FEB	668	.	.	.	.	.
APR	24	.	.	.	.	.
JUN	2240	.	.	.	.	.
AUG	9600 >	.	.	.	.	.
OCT	510	.	.	.	.	.
DEC	144	.	.	.	.	.



TABLE 5  
DRINKING WATER SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM METRO TORONTO (EASTERLY WSS) 1990

WATER TREATMENT PLANT

DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM

		RAW	TREATED	SITE 1		SITE 2	
				STANDING	FREE FLOW	STANDING	FREE FLOW
CHEMISTRY (LAB)							
ALKALINITY (MG/L )		DET'N LIMIT = 0.2		GUIDELINE = 30-500 (A3)			
FEB	102.100	93.800	94.000	94.600	94.400	95.000	
APR	99.900	95.300	95.700	96.500	.	96.300	
JUN	101.000	95.700	95.300	96.300	95.500	95.700	
AUG	97.400	90.200	90.900	90.600	88.800	89.100	
OCT	97.800	91.900	92.900	92.600	.	.	
DEC	103.500	92.000	94.500	94.300	92.800	92.900	
CALCIUM (MG/L )		DET'N LIMIT = 0.2		GUIDELINE = 100 (F2)			
FEB	39.900	37.800	38.300	38.400	38.400	39.300	
APR	39.800	39.600	39.600	39.400	.	39.500	
JUN	39.600	40.200	40.400	40.400	40.200	39.600	
AUG	40.000	39.400	40.400	40.800	39.400	39.200	
OCT	41.100	40.400	41.100	40.400	.	.	
DEC	41.000	41.000	42.200	41.600	40.600	40.600	
CYANIDE (MG/L )		DET'N LIMIT = 0.001		GUIDELINE = .2 (A1)			
FEB	BDL	.002 <T	.	.	.	.	
APR	BDL	BDL	.	.	.	.	
JUN	BDL	BDL	.	.	.	.	
AUG	BDL	BDL	.	.	.	.	
OCT	BDL	BDL	.	.	.	.	
DEC	BDL	BDL	.	.	.	.	
CHLORIDE (MG/L )		DET'N LIMIT = 0.2		GUIDELINE = 250 (A3)			
FEB	24.300	26.700	27.200	26.600	26.000	26.100	
APR	23.300	24.700	24.600	24.700	.	23.700	
JUN	23.200	24.900	25.000	24.700	25.000	24.600	
AUG	22.800	25.200	25.600	25.500	25.600	25.500	
OCT	22.400	24.700	23.900	24.200	.	.	
DEC	25.700	29.100	28.800	27.800	28.000	27.400	
COLOUR (HZU )		DET'N LIMIT = 0.5		GUIDELINE = 5 (A3)			
FEB	.500 <T	.500 <T	1.000 <T	.500 <T	1.500 <T	1.500 <T	
APR	1.500 <T	1.000 <T	1.000 <T	1.500 <T	.	2.000 <T	
JUN	1.000 <T	.500 <T	1.000 <T	1.000 <T	1.000 <T	1.000 <T	
AUG	1.000 <T	.500 <T	.500 <T	.500 <T	1.500 <T	1.000 <T	
OCT	1.000 <T	.500 <T	.500 <T	.500 <T	.	.	
DEC	1.000 <T	.500 <T	1.000 <T	.500 <T	1.500 <T	1.500 <T	
CONDUCTIVITY (UMHO/CM )		DET'N LIMIT = 1.		GUIDELINE = 400 (F2)			
FEB	333	336	339	337	335	335	
APR	330	333	334	336	.	336	
JUN	326	328	330	330	330	328	
AUG	319	320	325	323	322	320	
OCT	320	326	326	326	.	.	
DEC	340	345	345	342	341	337	

TABLE 5  
DRINKING WATER SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM METRO TORONTO (EASTERLY WSS) 1990

WATER TREATMENT PLANT

DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM

	RAW		TREATED		SITE 1		SITE 2	
					STANDING	FREE FLOW	STANDING	FREE FLOW
DISS ORG CARBON (MG/L )					DET'N LIMIT = .100		GUIDELINE = 5.0 (A3)	
FEB	1.600		1.500		1.600	1.500	1.500	1.500
APR	1.900		1.800		1.800	1.800	.	1.700
JUN	1.700		1.600		1.600	1.500	1.600	1.600
AUG	2.000		2.000		1.900	1.900	1.900	1.900
OCT	2.000		1.900		2.000	1.900	.	.
DEC	1.800		1.700		1.800	1.800	1.800	1.800
FLUORIDE (MG/L )					DET'N LIMIT = 0.01		GUIDELINE = 2.4 (A1)	
FEB	.140		1.180		1.220	1.200	1.240	1.220
APR	.140		1.340		1.280	1.280	.	1.280
JUN	.120		1.240		1.220	1.240	1.200	1.200
AUG	.140		.900		1.300	1.260	1.300	1.260
OCT	.120		1.160		1.180	1.200	.	.
DEC	.140		1.240		1.140	1.180	1.140	1.160
HARDNESS (MG/L )					DET'N LIMIT = 0.5		GUIDELINE = 80-100 (A4)	
FEB	134.400		129.100		130.300	130.200	130.100	132.800
APR	133.100		132.600		131.900	131.600	.	131.800
JUN	135.000		136.000		137.000	137.000	135.000	135.000
AUG	134.000		133.000		134.000	135.000	131.000	132.000
OCT	139.000		137.000		138.000	137.000	.	.
DEC	139.000		138.000		141.000	139.000	138.000	138.000
IONCAL (DMNSLESS )					DET'N LIMIT = N/A		GUIDELINE = N/A	
FEB	1.891		2.975		2.896	2.397	1.245	.050
APR	1.603		.393		1.281	1.592	.	.494
JUN	2.333		.726		.984	1.328	.226	.226
AUG	.241		1.612		1.431	2.160	1.103	.075
OCT	4.180		4.435		5.379	4.395	.	.
DEC	1.005		.496		1.306	1.831	1.466	1.533
LANGELIERS INDEX (DMNSLESS )					DET'N LIMIT = N/A		GUIDELINE = N/A	
FEB	.325		.265		.311	.285	.325	.287
APR	.415		.302		.294	.305	.	.315
JUN	.418		.321		.301	.326	.300	.355
AUG	.447		.347		.361	.364	.370	.340
OCT	.461		.296		.338	.339	.	.
DEC	.342		.011		.105	.148	.141	.192
MAGNESIUM (MG/L )					DET'N LIMIT = 0.10		GUIDELINE = 30 (F2)	
FEB	8.450		8.450		8.450	8.300	8.300	8.450
APR	8.150		8.200		8.000	8.100	.	8.050
JUN	8.500		8.600		8.700	8.700	8.500	8.800
AUG	8.300		8.400		8.200	8.200	7.900	8.200
OCT	8.900		8.900		8.500	8.700	.	.
DEC	8.800		8.700		8.500	8.600	8.800	8.900



TABLE 5  
DRINKING WATER SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM METRO-TORONTO (EASTERLY WSS) 1990

WATER TREATMENT PLANT

DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM

RAW

TREATED

SITE 1

SITE 2

STANDING

FREE FLOW

STANDING

FREE FLOW

SODIUM (MG/L )

DET'N LIMIT = 0.2

GUIDELINE = 200 (A4)

FEB	12.200	12.300	12.200	12.200	12.100	12.200
APR	12.300	12.300	12.200	12.300	.	12.300
JUN	11.600	11.800	11.900	11.900	11.900	11.600
AUG	11.800	11.800	11.800	11.600	11.000	11.400
OCT	11.900	12.000	12.200	12.100	.	.
DEC	13.400	13.000	13.400	13.200	13.200	12.800

AMMONIUM TOTAL (MG/L )

DET'N LIMIT = 0.002

GUIDELINE = 0.05 (F2)

FEB	BDL	.094	.090	.090	.080	.076
APR	BDL	.094	.098	.102	.	.110
JUN	.018	.110	.012	.104	BDL	.102
AUG	.014	.104	.110	.102	.046	.088
OCT	.012	.150	.090	.112	.	.
DEC	.124	.128	.088	.114	.070	.098

NITRITE (MG/L )

DET'N LIMIT = 0.001

GUIDELINE = 1 (A1)

FEB	.007	.002 <T	.009	.004 <T	.006	.004 <T
APR	.002 <T	BDL	.002 <T	.001 <T	.	.002 <T
JUN	.005	.003 <T	.113	.005	.129	.008
AUG	.005	.002 <T	.009	.002 <T	.068	.023
OCT	.004 <T	.001 <T	.037	.003 <T	.	.
DEC	.007	.001 <T	.020	.002 <T	.034	.013

TOTAL NITRATES (MG/L )

DET'N LIMIT = 0.005

GUIDELINE = 10 (A1)

FEB	.430	.440	.460	.430	.435	.430
APR	.365	.365	.370	.370	.	.370
JUN	.330	.345	.455	.350	.475	.365
AUG	.245	.220	.260	.240	.305	.250
OCT	.240	.245	.280	.255	.	.
DEC	.460	.455	.465	.440	.480	.450

NITROGEN TOT KJELD (MG/L )

DET'N LIMIT = 0.02

GUIDELINE = N/A

FEB	.250	.270	.290	.260	.270	.250
APR	.320	.420	.500	.290	.	.280
JUN	.290	.290	.210	.290	.230	.290
AUG	.360	.270	.330	.270	.260	.250
OCT	.220	.300	.250	.280	.	.
DEC	.340	.310	.290	.300	.280	.290

PH (DMNSLESS )

DET'N LIMIT = N/A

GUIDELINE = 6.5-8.5(A4)

FEB	8.160	8.160	8.200	8.170	8.210	8.160
APR	8.260	8.170	8.160	8.170	.	8.180
JUN	8.260	8.180	8.160	8.180	8.160	8.220
AUG	8.300	8.240	8.240	8.240	8.270	8.240
OCT	8.300	8.170	8.200	8.210	.	.
DEC	8.160	7.880	7.950	8.000	8.010	8.060

## DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM

TABLE 5  
DRINKING WATER SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM METRO TORONTO (EASTERLY WSS) 1990

WATER TREATMENT PLANT

DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM

RAW

TREATED

SITE 1

SITE 2

STANDING

FREE FLOW

STANDING

FREE FLOW

METALS		DET'N LIMIT = 0.05		GUIDELINE = 50 (A1)	
SILVER (UG/L)					
FEB	BDL	.100 <T	BDL	.070 <T	BDL
APR	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
JUN	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
AUG	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
OCT	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
DEC	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
ALUMINUM (UG/L)		DET'N LIMIT = 0.10		GUIDELINE = 100 (A4)	
FEB	37.000	61.000	61.000	55.000	48.000
APR	21.000	84.000	68.000	68.000	67.000
JUN	9.500	130.000	120.000	110.000	95.000
AUG	41.000	250.000	180.000	200.000	170.000
OCT	17.000	120.000	110.000	110.000	50.000
DEC	27.000	74.000	64.000	60.000	50.000
ARSENIC (UG/L)		DET'N LIMIT = 0.10		GUIDELINE = 25 (A1)	
FEB	.840 <T	1.000 <T	1.000 <T	1.100	1.000 <T
APR	.810 <T	.960 <T	1.100	1.200	1.100
JUN	.740 <T	.580 <T	.810 <T	.640 <T	.660 <T
AUG	.770 <T	.610 <T	.780 <T	.800 <T	.690 <T
OCT	.940 <T	1.200	1.100	1.200	.720 <T
DEC	.790 <T	.850 <T	.770 <T	.990 <T	.720 <T
BARIUM (UG/L)		DET'N LIMIT = 0.05		GUIDELINE = 1000 (A2)	
FEB	24.000	23.000	23.000	23.000	22.000
APR	23.000	23.000	23.000	23.000	23.000
JUN	22.000	22.000	23.000	22.000	23.000
AUG	22.000	22.000	22.000	21.000	21.000
OCT	23.000	23.000	23.000	23.000	23.000
DEC	24.000	23.000	24.000	23.000	23.000
BORON (UG/L)		DET'N LIMIT = 2.00		GUIDELINE = 5000 (A1)	
FEB	24.000	30.000	25.000	23.000	25.000
APR	44.000	36.000	42.000	34.000	39.000
JUN	31.000	25.000	36.000	30.000	37.000
AUG	42.000	31.000	42.000	40.000	38.000
OCT	27.000	27.000	28.000	25.000	25.000
DEC	25.000	25.000	26.000	30.000	26.000
BERYLLIUM (UG/L)		DET'N LIMIT = 0.05		GUIDELINE = 6800 (D4)	
FEB	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
APR	BDL	.060 <T	.110 <T	BDL	BDL
JUN	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
AUG	.060 <T	BDL	.060 <T	BDL	.070 <T
OCT	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
DEC	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL

TABLE 5  
DRINKING WATER SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM METRO TORONTO (EASTERLY WSS) 1990

WATER TREATMENT PLANT

DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM

RAW		TREATED		SITE 1		SITE 2	
				STANDING	FREE FLOW	STANDING	FREE FLOW
CADMIUM (UG/L )				DET'N LIMIT = 0.05		GUIDELINE = 5 (A1)	
FEB	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
APR	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	.	BDL
JUN	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
AUG	.090 <T	.060 <T	BDL	BDL	.060 <T	.080 <T	BDL
OCT	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	.	.
DEC	BDL	BDL	.070 <T	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
COBALT (UG/L )				DET'N LIMIT = 0.02		GUIDELINE = N/A	
FEB	.120 <T	.080 <T	.040 <T	.080 <T	.040 <T	.110 <T	.
APR	.100 <T	.110 <T	.110 <T	.100 <T	.	.140 <T	BDL
JUN	.140 <T	.040 <T	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
AUG	.100 <T	.050 <T	.070 <T	BDL	.070 <T	.110 <T	.
OCT	.140 <T	.140 <T	.130 <T	.140 <T	.	.	.
DEC	.130 <T	.110 <T	.070 <T	.090 <T	.140 <T	.120 <T	.
CHROMIUM (UG/L )				DET'N LIMIT = 0.50		GUIDELINE = 50 (A1)	
FEB	BDL	1.200 <T	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL
APR	2.700 <T	1.700 <T	2.400 <T	1.200 <T	.	2.000 <T	.
JUN	1.700 <T	BDL	2.800 <T	1.600 <T	2.800 <T	3.200 <T	.
AUG	2.800 <T	1.300 <T	2.500 <T	2.300 <T	2.000 <T	2.100 <T	.
OCT	1.200 <T	1.100 <T	1.100 <T	1.100 <T	.	.	.
DEC	.520 <T	.510 <T	BDL	2.200 <T	BDL	BDL	.
COPPER (UG/L )				DET'N LIMIT = 0.50		GUIDELINE = 1000 (A3)	
FEB	36.000	7.000	100.000	9.600	17.000	2.900 <T	.
APR	30.000	4.600 <T	38.000	10.000	.	2.400 <T	.
JUN	28.000	6.600	55.000	7.800	15.000	2.200 <T	.
AUG	66.000	11.000	64.000	8.800	14.000	3.700 <T	.
OCT	55.000	4.100 <T	59.000	7.800	.	.	.
DEC	41.000	5.200	100.000	10.000	17.000	3.700 <T	.
IRON (UG/L )				DET'N LIMIT = 6.00		GUIDELINE = 300 (A3)	
FEB	76.000	BDL	BDL	11.000 <T	56.000 <T	69.000	.
APR	24.000 <T	BDL	BDL	BDL	.	46.000 <T	.
JUN	BDL	BDL	BDL	BDL	74.000	28.000 <T	.
AUG	62.000	BDL	BDL	BDL	40.000 <T	26.000 <T	.
OCT	28.000 <T	BDL	BDL	6.800 <T	.	.	.
DEC	53.000 <T	BDL	BDL	BDL	67.000	68.000	.
MANGANESE (UG/L )				DET'N LIMIT = 0.05		GUIDELINE = 50 (A3)	
FEB	5.000	.360 <T	.420 <T	.400 <T	1.400	1.200	.
APR	2.800	.810	.620	.560	.	1.500	.
JUN	1.700	.460 <T	.460 <T	.410 <T	1.900	1.200	.
AUG	6.900	.250 <T	.450 <T	.460 <T	1.700	1.400	.
OCT	2.900	.260 <T	.330 <T	.360 <T	.	.	.
DEC	4.200	.610	.650	.570	1.900	1.900	.

TABLE 5  
DRINKING WATER SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM METRO TORONTO (EASTERLY WSS) 1990

WATER TREATMENT PLANT

DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM

RAW

TREATED

SITE 1

SITE 2

STANDING

FREE FLOW

STANDING

FREE FLOW

MOLYBDENUM (UG/L )		DET'N LIMIT = 0.05		GUIDELINE = N/A	
FEB	1.200	1.300	1.300	1.200	1.300
APR	1.100	1.200	1.100	1.200	1.100
JUN	1.200	1.100	1.200	1.100	1.200
AUG	1.100	1.000	1.100	1.200	1.200
OCT	1.200	1.300	1.300	1.300	1.100
DEC	1.200	1.300	1.300	1.200	1.300
NICKEL (UG/L )		DET'N LIMIT = 0.20		GUIDELINE = 350 (D3)	
FEB	5.100	.680 <T	1.800 <T	.670 <T	.900 <T
APR	2.000 <T	1.500 <T	2.400	1.500 <T	1.700 <T
JUN	.810 <T	.670 <T	1.300 <T	.430 <T	1.100 <T
AUG	.810 <T	.230 <T	1.900 <T	.400 <T	1.700 <T
OCT	.780 <T	.750 <T	2.500	.880 <T	.480 <T
DEC	1.500 <T	1.500 <T	3.700	1.400 <T	2.400
LEAD (UG/L )		DET'N LIMIT = 0.05		GUIDELINE = 10. (A1)	
FEB	.330 <T	.490 <T	5.700	.460 <T	.730
APR	.410 <T	.370 <T	4.000	.620	.130 <T
JUN	.510	.400 <T	5.100	.420 <T	.060 <T
AUG	.700	.380 <T	6.800	.760	.120 <T
OCT	.300 <T	.330 <T	5.300	.470 <T	.280 <T
DEC	.470 <T	.230 <T	5.300	.410 <T	1.100
ANTIMONY (UG/L )		DET'N LIMIT = 0.05		GUIDELINE = 146 (D4)	
FEB	.510	.580	.600	.480 <T	.620
APR	.510	.530	.600	.510	.590
JUN	.480 <T	.580	.750	.530	.580
AUG	.440 <T	.490 <T	.520	.510	.660
OCT	.600	.440 <T	.560	.430 <T	.600
DEC	.740	.640	.610	.640	.860
SELENIUM (UG/L )		DET'N LIMIT = 1.00		GUIDELINE = 10 (A1)	
FEB	BDL	BDL	BDL	1.300 <T	BDL
APR	BDL	BDL	BDL	1.100 <T	BDL
JUN	BDL	BDL	1.200 <T	1.900 <T	1.400 <T
AUG	1.400 <T	1.800 <T	BDL	2.400 <T	1.200 <T
OCT	BDL	BDL	BDL	1.100 <T	BDL
DEC	BDL	1.300 <T	BDL	1.400 <T	BDL
STRONTIUM (UG/L )		DET'N LIMIT = 0.10		GUIDELINE = N/A	
FEB	170.000	180.000	180.000	180.000	180.000
APR	190.000	190.000	180.000	190.000	190.000
JUN	180.000	180.000	180.000	180.000	190.000
AUG	180.000	180.000	180.000	170.000	170.000
OCT	180.000	180.000	180.000	180.000	180.000
DEC	180.000	180.000	190.000	180.000	180.000

TABLE 5  
DRINKING WATER SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM METRO TORONTO (EASTERLY WSS) 1990

WATER TREATMENT PLANT

DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM

RAW		TREATED		SITE 1		SITE 2	
				STANDING	FREE FLOW	STANDING	FREE FLOW
TITANIUM (UG/L )		DET'N LIMIT = 0.50		GUIDELINE = N/A			
FEB	5.900	3.900 <T	4.400 <T	4.100 <T	4.300 <T	3.800 <T	
APR	4.200 <T	4.400 <T	4.100 <T	4.800 <T	.	4.300 <T	
JUN	4.100 <T	4.800 <T	5.200	5.400	5.400	5.400	
AUG	5.300	3.800 <T	3.600 <T	4.100 <T	3.900 <T	3.500 <T	
OCT	2.500 <T	2.100 <T	2.000 <T	2.000 <T	.	.	
DEC	3.400 <T	2.700 <T	2.800 <T	2.900 <T	2.800 <T	2.700 <T	
URANIUM (UG/L )		DET'N LIMIT = 0.05		GUIDELINE = 100 (A1)			
FEB	.350 <T	.380 <T	.320 <T	.340 <T	.360 <T	.380 <T	
APR	.310 <T	.310 <T	.350 <T	.390 <T	.	.400 <T	
JUN	.270 <T	.310 <T	.330 <T	.380 <T	.350 <T	.350 <T	
AUG	.300 <T	.310 <T	.310 <T	.340 <T	.350 <T	.310 <T	
OCT	.370 <T	.380 <T	.380 <T	.360 <T	.	.	
DEC	.360 <T	.360 <T	.320 <T	.320 <T	.300 <T	.290 <T	
VANADIUM (UG/L )		DET'N LIMIT = 0.05		GUIDELINE = N/A			
FEB	.250 <T	.270 <T	.270 <T	.260 <T	.250 <T	.240 <T	
APR	.200 <T	.150 <T	.190 <T	.160 <T	.	.160 <T	
JUN	.180 <T	.200 <T	.240 <T	.160 <T	.280 <T	.150 <T	
AUG	.380 <T	.220 <T	.220 <T	.240 <T	.230 <T	.210 <T	
OCT	.250 <T	.190 <T	.180 <T	.200 <T	.	.	
DEC	.330 <T	.300 <T	.310 <T	.310 <T	.270 <T	.250 <T	
ZINC (UG/L )		DET'N LIMIT = 0.20		GUIDELINE = 5000 (A3)			
FEB	3.100	3.100	28.000	2.600	5.600	2.600	
APR	4.100	2.300	21.000	3.100	.	1.900 <T	
JUN	3.200	3.200	27.000	2.700	10.000	2.300	
AUG	3.400	1.900 <T	33.000	3.100	7.900	2.400	
OCT	2.800	2.300	30.000	2.400	.	.	
DEC	5.300	2.100	44.000	2.600	18.000	2.300	

## WATER TREATMENT PLANT

## DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM

PAH		DET'N LIMIT = 10.		GUIDELINE = N/A	
PHENANTHRENE (NG/L)					
FEB	BDL	BDL	.	.	.
APR	BDL	BDL	.	.	.
JUN	BDL	BDL	.	.	.
AUG	BDL	BDL	.	BDL	40.000 <T
OCT	BDL	BDL	.	.	.
DEC	BDL	BDL	.	.	.

## WATER TREATMENT PLANT

### DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM

RAW		TREATED		SITE 1		SITE 2			
		STANDING		FREE FLOW		STANDING		FREE FLOW	
-----									
PESTICIDES & PCB									
ALPHA BHC (NG/L )		DET'N LIMIT = 1.000			GUIDELINE = 700 (G)				
FEB	1.000 <T	1.000 <T	.	.	2.000 <T	.	.	2.000 <T	.
APR	BDL	BDL	.	.	BDL	.	.	BDL	.
JUN	2.000 <T	1.000 <T	.	.	BDL	.	.	1.000 <T	.
AUG	1.000 <T	1.000 <T	.	.	1.000 <T	.	.	BDL	.
OCT	BDL	BDL	.	.	BDL	.	.	.	.
DEC	1.000 <T	1.000 <T	.	.	1.000 <T	.	.	2.000 <T	.
-----									
ATRAZINE (NG/L )		DET'N LIMIT = 50			GUIDELINE = 60000 (A2)				
FEB	BDL	BDL	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
APR	BDL	BDL	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
JUN	BDL	BDL	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
AUG	50.000 <T	BDL	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
OCT	BDL	BDL	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
DEC	BDL	BDL	.	.	.	.	.	.	.



TABLE 5  
DRINKING WATER SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM METRO TORONTO (EASTERLY WSS) 1990

WATER TREATMENT PLANT

DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM

RAW		TREATED	SITE 1		SITE 2	
			STANDING	FREE FLOW	STANDING	FREE FLOW
PHENOLICS (UG/L )			DET'N LIMIT = .200		GUIDELINE = 2 (A4)	
FEB	1.000		1.200	.	.	.
APR	.600 <T		.600 <T	.	.	.
JUN	BDL		.400 <T	.	.	.
AUG	BDL		.800 <T	.	.	.
OCT	1.000 <T		1.600	.	.	.
DEC	1.000		.600 <T	.	.	.

## WATER TREATMENT PLANT

### DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM

SPECIFIC PESTICIDES		DET'M LIMIT = 20.		GUIDELINE = 50000 (A1)	
PARATHION (NG/L)					
JUN	BDL	BDL	.	.	.
OCT	BDL	70.000 <T	.	.	.
DEC	BDL	BDL	.	.	.

TABLE 5  
DRINKING WATER SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM METRO TORONTO (EASTERLY WSS) 1990

WATER TREATMENT PLANT

DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM

	RAW	TREATED	SITE 1	SITE 2
			STANDING	FREE FLOW

VOLATILES		DET'N LIMIT = 0.05		GUIDELINE = 5 (A1)	
BENZENE (UG/L)					
FEB	BDL	BDL	.	BDL	BDL
APR	.050 <T	.150 <T	.	BDL	BDL
JUN	.050 <T	BDL	.	BDL	BDL
AUG	BDL	BDL	.	BDL	BDL
OCT	BDL	BDL	.	BDL	.
DEC	BDL	BDL	.	BDL	BDL
TOLUENE (UG/L)		DET'N LIMIT = 0.05		GUIDELINE = 24 (A3)	
FEB	BDL	BDL	.	BDL	BDL
APR	BDL	BDL	.	BDL	BDL
JUN	BDL	BDL	.	.050 <T	BDL
AUG	BDL	BDL	.	BDL	BDL
OCT	BDL	BDL	.	BDL	.
DEC	BDL	BDL	.	BDL	BDL
ETHYLBENZENE (UG/L)		DET'N LIMIT = 0.05		GUIDELINE = 2.4 (A3)	
FEB	BDL	BDL	.	BDL	BDL
APR	.050 <T	.200 <T	.	.200 <T	BDL
JUN	.100 <T	BDL	.	.100 <T	.050 <T
AUG	BDL	BDL	.	BDL	BDL
OCT	.150 <T	.100 <T	.	.150 <T	.
DEC	.050 <T	BDL	.	BDL	BDL
O-XYLENE (UG/L)		DET'N LIMIT = 0.05		GUIDELINE = 300 (A3*)	
FEB	BDL	BDL	.	BDL	BDL
APR	BDL	BDL	.	BDL	BDL
JUN	BDL	BDL	.	BDL	BDL
AUG	BDL	BDL	.	BDL	BDL
OCT	BDL	.050 <T	.	BDL	.
DEC	BDL	BDL	.	BDL	BDL
STYRENE (UG/L)		DET'N LIMIT = 0.05		GUIDELINE = 100 (D1)	
FEB	.150 <T	BDL	.	.050 <T	.100 <T
APR	.100 <T	.150 <T	.	.150 <T	BDL
JUN	.150 <T	BDL	.	.100 <T	.100 <T
AUG	.050 <T	BDL	.	BDL	BDL
OCT	.250 <T	BDL	.	.150 <T	.
DEC	.100 <T	BDL	.	BDL	BDL
CHLOROFORM (UG/L)		DET'N LIMIT = 0.10		GUIDELINE = 350 (A1+)	
FEB	BDL	6.800	.	5.900	6.200
APR	BDL	6.200	.	5.400	5.100
JUN	.200 <T	5.400	.	5.300	5.200
AUG	3.600	10.900	.	10.700	10.600
OCT	.200 <T	7.300	.	7.300	.
DEC	.300 <T	6.200	.	5.700	5.500

### DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM

TRACE LEVELS OF STYRENE ARE CONSIDERED TO BE LABORATORY ARTIFACTS RESULTING FROM THE LABORATORY SHIPPING CONTAINERS.

TABLE 6  
DRINKING WATER SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM 1990

SCAN/PARAMETER	UNIT	DETECTION LIMIT	GUIDELINE
BACTERIOLOGICAL			
FECAL COLIFORM MEMBRANE FILTRATION	CT/100ML	0	0 (A1)
STANDARD PLATE COUNT MEMBRANE FILT.	CT/ML	0	500/ML (A3)
TOTAL COLIFORM BACKGROUND MF	CT/100ML	0	N/A
TOTAL COLIFORM MEMBRANE FILTRATION	CT/100ML	0	5/100ML (A1)
CHEMISTRY (FLD)			
FIELD COMBINED CHLORINE RESIDUAL	MG/L	0	N/A
FIELD TOTAL CHLORINE RESIDUAL	MG/L	0	N/A
FIELD FREE CHLORINE RESIDUAL	MG/L	0	N/A
FIELD PH	DMNSLESS	N/A	6.5-8.5 (A3)
FIELD TEMPERATURE	DEG.C	N/A	15.0 (A3)
FIELD TURBIDITY	FTU	N/A	1.0 (A1)
CHEMISTRY (LAB)			
ALKALINITY	MG/L	0.2	30-500 (A3)
AMMONIUM TOTAL	MG/L	0.002	0.05 (F2)
CALCIUM	MG/L	0.2	100 (F2)
CHLORIDE	MG/L	0.2	250 (A3)
COLOUR	TCU	0.5	5.0 (A3)
CONDUCTIVITY	UMHO/CM	1.0	400 (F2)
CYANIDE	MG/L	0.001	0.2 (A1)
DISSOLVED ORGANIC CARBON	MG/L	0.1	5.0 (A3)
FLUORIDE	MG/L	0.01	2.4 (A1)
HARDNESS	MG/L	0.5	80-100 (A4)
LANGELIERS INDEX	DMNSLESS	N/A	N/A
MAGNESIUM	MG/L	0.1	30.0 (F2)
NITRITE	MG/L	0.001	1.0 (A1)
NITROGEN TOTAL KJELDAHL	MG/L	0.02	N/A
PH	DMNSLESS	N/A	6.5-8.5 (A4)
PHOSPHORUS FIL REACT	MG/L	0.0005	N/A
PHOSPHORUS TOTAL	MG/L	0.002	0.4 (F2)
SODIUM	MG/L	0.2	200 (A4)
SULPHATE	MG/L	0.2	500 (A3)
TOTAL NITRATES	MG/L	0.005	10.0 (A1)
TURBIDITY	FTU	0.05	1.0 (A1)
CHLOROAROMATICS			
123 TRICHLOROBENZENE	NG/L	5.0	N/A
1234 TETRACHLOROBENZENE	NG/L	1.0	N/A
1235 TETRACHLOROBENZENE	NG/L	1.0	N/A
124 TRICHLOROBENZENE	NG/L	5.0	10000 (I)
1245-TETRACHLOROBENZENE	NG/L	1.0	38000 (D4)
135 TRICHLOROBENZENE	NG/L	5.0	N/A
236 TRICHLOROTOLUENE	NG/L	5.0	N/A
245 TRICHLOROTOLUENE	NG/L	5.0	N/A
26A TRICHLOROTOLUENE	NG/L	5.0	N/A
HEXACHLOROBENZENE	NG/L	1.0	10 (C1)
HEXACHLOROBUTADIENE	NG/L	1.0	450 (D4)
HEXACHLOROCYCLOPENTADIENE	NG/L	5.0	206000 (D4)
HEXACHLOROETHANE	NG/L	1.0	1900 (D4)
OCTACHLOROSTYRENE	NG/L	1.0	N/A
PENTACHLOROBENZENE	NG/L	1.0	74000 (D4)
CHLOROPHENOLS			
234 TRICHLOROPHENOL	NG/L	100.0	N/A
2345 TETRACHLOROPHENOL	NG/L	20.0	N/A
2356 TETRACHLOROPHENOL	NG/L	10.0	N/A

TABLE 6  
DRINKING WATER SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM 1990

SCAN/PARAMETER	UNIT	DETECTION LIMIT	GUIDELINE
245 TRICHLOROPHENOL	NG/L	100.0	2600000 (D4)
246 TRICHLOROPHENOL	NG/L	20.0	5000 (A1)
PENTACHLOROPHENOL	NG/L	10.0	60000 (A1)
METALS			
ALUMINUM	UG/L	0.10	100 (A4)
ANTIMONY	UG/L	0.05	146 (D4)
ARSENIC	UG/L	0.10	25 (A1)
BARIUM	UG/L	0.05	1000 (A2)
BERYLLIUM	UG/L	0.05	6800 (D4)
BORON	UG/L	2.00	5000 (A1)
CADMIUM	UG/L	0.05	5 (A1)
CHROMIUM	UG/L	0.50	50 (A1)
COBALT	UG/L	0.02	N/A
COPPER	UG/L	0.50	1000 (A3)
IRON	UG/L	6.00	300 (A3)
LEAD	UG/L	0.05	10 (A1)
MANGANESE	UG/L	0.05	50 (A3)
MERCURY	UG/L	0.02	1 (A1)
MOLYBDENUM	UG/L	0.05	N/A
NICKEL	UG/L	0.20	350 (D3)
SELENIUM	UG/L	1.00	10 (A1)
SILVER	UG/L	0.05	50 (A1)
STRONTIUM	UG/L	0.10	N/A
THALLIUM	UG/L	0.05	13 (D4)
TITANIUM	UG/L	0.50	N/A
URANIUM	UG/L	0.05	100 (A1)
VANADIUM	UG/L	0.05	N/A
ZINC	UG/L	0.20	5000 (A3)
PAH			
ANTHRACENE	NG/L	1.0	N/A
BENZO(A) ANTHRACENE	NG/L	20.0	N/A
BENZO(A) PYRENE	NG/L	5.0	10.0 (A1)
BENZO(B) CHRYSENE	NG/L	2.0	N/A
BENZO(B) FLUORANTHENE	NG/L	10.0	N/A
BENZO(E) PYRENE	NG/L	50.0	N/A
BENZO(G,H,I) PERYLENE	NG/L	20.0	N/A
BENZO(K) FLUORANTHENE	NG/L	1.0	N/A
CHRYSENE	NG/L	50.0	N/A
CORONENE	NG/L	10.0	N/A
DIBENZO(A,H) ANTHRACENE	NG/L	10.0	N/A
DIMETHYL BENZO(A) ANTHRACENE	NG/L	5.0	N/A
FLUORANTHENE	NG/L	20.0	42000.0 (D4)
INDENO(1,2,3-C,D) PYRENE	NG/L	20.0	N/A
PERYLENE	NG/L	10.0	N/A
PHENANTHRENE	NG/L	10.0	N/A
PYRENE	NG/L	20.0	N/A
PESTICIDES & PCB			
ALACHLOR (LASSO)	NG/L	500.0	5000 (A2)
ALDRIN	NG/L	1.0	700 (A1)
ALPHA HEXACHLOROCYCLOHEXANE (BHC)	NG/L	1.0	700 (G)
ALPHA CHLORDANE	NG/L	2.0	7000 (A1)
AMETRINE	NG/L	50.0	300000 (D3)
ATRAZONE	NG/L	50.0	N/A
ATRAZINE	NG/L	50.0	60000 (A2)
DES ETHYL ATRAZINE	NG/L	200.0	60000 (A2)
BETA HEXACHLOROCYCLOHEXANE (BHC)	NG/L	1.0	300 (G)
CYANAZINE (BLADIX)	NG/L	100.0	10000 (A2)
O,P-DDD	NG/L	5.0	10 (I)
DIELDRIN	NG/L	2.0	700 (A1)
ENDOSULFAN 1 (THIODAN I)	NG/L	2.0	74000 (D4)
ENDOSULFAN 2 (THIODAN II)	NG/L	5.0	74000 (D4)

TABLE 6  
DRINKING WATER SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM 1990

SCAN/PARAMETER	UNIT	DETECTION LIMIT	GUIDELINE
ENDOSULFAM SULPHATE (THIODAN SULPHATE)	NG/L	5.0	N/A
ENDRIN	NG/L	5.0	1600 (D3)
GAMMA CHLORDANE	NG/L	2.0	7000 (A1)
HEPTACHLOR	NG/L	1.0	3000 (A1)
HEPTACHLOR EPOXIDE	NG/L	1.0	3000 (A1)
LINDANE (GAMMA BHC)	NG/L	1.0	4000 (A1)
METHOXYCHLOR	NG/L	5.0	900000 (A1)
METOLACHLOR	NG/L	500.0	50000 (A2)
METRIBUZIN (SENCOR)	NG/L	100.0	80000 (A1)
MIREX	NG/L	5.0	N/A
P,P-DDD	NG/L	5.0	N/A
O,P-DDT	NG/L	5.0	30000 (A1)
OXYCHLORDANE	NG/L	2.0	N/A
PCB	NG/L	20.0	3000 (A2)
PPDDE	NG/L	1.0	30000 (A1)
PPDDT	NG/L	5.0	30000 (A1)
PROMETONE	NG/L	50.0	52500 (D3)
PROMETRYNE	NG/L	50.0	1000 (A2)
PROPAZINE	NG/L	50.0	700000 (D3)
SIMAZINE	NG/L	50.0	10000 (A2)
D-ETHYL SIMAZINE	NG/L	200.0	10000 (A2)
TOXAPHENE	NG/L	500.0	5000 (A1)
PHENOLICS			
PHENOLICS (UNFILTERED REACTIVE)	UG/L	0.2	2 (A4)
SPECIFIC PESTICIDES			
2,4 D PROPIONIC ACID	NG/L	100.	N/A
2,4,5-TRICHLOROPHENOXY ACETIC ACID	NG/L	50.	280000 (A1)
2,4-DICHLOROBUTYRIC ACID (2,4-D)	NG/L	100.	100000 (A1)
2,4-DICHLOROPHENOXYBUTYRIC ACID (2,4-DB)	NG/L	200.	18000 (B3)
BUTYLATE (SUTAN)	NG/L	2000.	245000 (D3)
CARBARYL (SEVIN)	NG/L	200.	90000 (A1)
CARBOFURAN	NG/L	2000.	90000 (A1)
CHLORPYRIFOS (DURSBAN)	NG/L	20.	N/A
CICP (CHLORPROPHAM)	NG/L	2000.	350000 (G)
DIALLATE	NG/L	2000.	N/A
DIAZINON	NG/L	20.	20000 (A1)
DICAMBA	NG/L	50.	120000 (A1)
DICHLOROVOS	NG/L	20.	N/A
EPTAM	NG/L	2000.	N/A
ETHION	NG/L	20.	35000 (G)
IPC	NG/L	2000.	N/A
MALATHION	NG/L	20.	190000 (A1)
METHYL PARATHION	NG/L	50.	7000 (B3)
METHYLTRITHION	NG/L	20.	N/A
MEVINPHOS	NG/L	20.	N/A
PARATHION	NG/L	20.	50000 (A1)
PHORATE (THIMET)	NG/L	20.	2000 (A2)
PROPOXUR (BAYGON)	NG/L	2000.	140000 (D3)
RELDAN	NG/L	20.	N/A
RONNEL	NG/L	20.	N/A
SILVEX (2,4,5-TP)	NG/L	20.	10000 (A1)
VOLATILES			
1,1 DICHLOROETHANE	UG/L	0.10	N/A
1,1 DICHLOROETHYLENE	UG/L	0.10	7 (D1)
1,2 DICHLOROBENZENE	UG/L	0.05	200 (A1)
1,2 DICHLOROETHANE	UG/L	0.05	5 (A1)

TABLE 6  
DRINKING WATER SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM 1990

SCAN/PARAMETER	UNIT	DETECTION LIMIT	GUIDELINE
1,2 DICHLOROPROPANE	UG/L	0.05	5 (D1)
1,3 DICHLOROBENZENE	UG/L	0.10	3750 (D3)
1,4 DICHLOROBENZENE	UG/L	0.10	5 (A1)
111, TRICHLOROETHANE	UG/L	0.02	200 (D1)
112 TRICHLOROETHANE	UG/L	0.05	0.6 (D4)
1122 TETRACHLOROETHANE	UG/L	0.05	0.17(D4)
BENZENE	UG/L	0.05	5 (A1)
BROMOFORM	UG/L	0.20	350 (A1+)
CARBON TETRACHLORIDE	UG/L	0.20	5 (A1)
CHLOROBENZENE	UG/L	0.10	1510 (D3)
CHLORODIBROMOMETHANE	UG/L	0.10	350 (A1+)
CHLOROFORM	UG/L	0.10	350 (A1+)
DICHLOROBROMOMETHANE	UG/L	0.05	350 (A1+)
ETHYLENE DIBROMIDE	UG/L	0.05	50 (D1)
ETHYLBENZENE	UG/L	0.05	2.4 (A3)
M-XYLENE	UG/L	0.10	300 (A3*)
METHYLENE CHLORIDE	UG/L	0.50	50 (A1)
O-XYLENE	UG/L	0.05	300 (A3*)
P-XYLENE	UG/L	0.10	300 (A3*)
STYRENE	UG/L	0.05	100 (D1)
TETRACHLOROETHYLENE	UG/L	0.05	5 (D1)
TRANS 1,2 DICHLOROETHYLENE	UG/L	0.10	70 (D1)
TOLUENE	UG/L	0.05	24 (A3)
TOTAL TRIHALOMETHANES	UG/L	0.50	350 (A1)
TRICHLOROETHYLENE	UG/L	0.10	50 (A1)



## Appendix A

### DRINKING WATER SURVEILLANCE PROGRAM PROGRAM DESCRIPTION

The Drinking Water Surveillance Program (DWSP) for Ontario monitors drinking water quality at municipal water supply systems. The DWSP Database Management System provides a computerized drinking water quality information system for the supplies monitored. The objectives of the program are to provide:

- immediate, reliable, current information on drinking water quality;
- a flagging mechanism for guideline exceedance;
- a definition of contaminant levels and trends;
- a comprehensive background for remedial action;
- a framework for assessment of new contaminants; and
- an indication of treatment efficiency of plant processes.

#### PROGRAM

The DWSP officially began in April 1986 and is designed to eventually include all municipal water supplies in Ontario. In 1990, 76 systems were being monitored. Water supply locations have been prioritized for surveillance based primarily on criteria such as population density, probability of contamination and geographical location.

An ongoing assessment of future monitoring requirements at each location will be made. Monitoring will continue at the initial locations at an appropriate level and further locations will be phased into the program as resources permit.

A major goal of the program is to collect valid water quality data in context with plant operational characteristics at the time of sampling. As soon as sufficient data have been accumulated and analyzed, both the frequency of sampling and the range of parameters may be adjusted accordingly.

Assessments are carried out at all locations prior to initial sampling, in order to acquire complete plant process and distribution system details and to designate (and retrofit if necessary) all sampling systems and locations. This ensures that the sampled water is a reflection of the water itself.

Samples are taken of raw (ambient water) and treated water at the treatment plant and of consumer's tap water in the distribution system. In order to determine possible effects of distribution on water quality, both standing and free flow water in old and new sections of the distribution system are sampled. Sampling is carried out by operational personnel who have been trained in applicable procedures.

Comprehensive standardized procedures and field test kits are supplied to sampling personnel. This ensures that samples are taken and handled according to standard protocols and that field testing will supply reliable data. All field and laboratory analyses are carried out using "approved documented procedures". Most laboratory analyses are carried out by the Ministry of Environment (MOE), Laboratory Services Branch. Radionuclides are analyzed by the Ministry of Labour.

#### DATA REPORTING MECHANISM

When the analytical results are transferred from the MOE laboratory into the DWSP system, printouts of the completed analyses are sent to the MOE District Officer, the appropriate operational staff and are also retained by the DWSP unit.

#### PROGRAM INPUTS AND OUTPUTS

There are four major inputs and four major outputs in the program.

##### Program Input - Plant and Distribution System Description

The system description includes plant specific non-analytical information acquired through a questionnaire and an initial plant visit. During the initial assessment of the plant and distribution system, questionnaire content is verified and missing information added. It is intended that all data be kept current with scheduled annual updates.

The Plant and Distribution System Description consists of the following seven components:

##### **1. PROCESS COMPONENT INVENTORY**

All physical and chemical processes to which the water is subjected, from the intake pipe to the consumers' tap (where possible), are documented. These include: process type, general description of physical structures, material types, sizes, and retention time for each process within the plant. The processes may be as simple as transmission or as complex as carbon adsorption.

## 2. TREATMENT CHEMICALS

Chemicals used in the treatment processes, their function, application point, supplier and brand-name are recorded. Chemical dosages applied on the day of sampling are recorded in DWSP.

## 3. PROCESS CONTROL MEASUREMENTS

Documentation of in-plant monitoring of process parameters (eg. turbidity, chlorine residuals, pH, aluminum residuals) including methods used, monitoring locations and frequency is contained in this section. Except for the recorded Field Data, in-plant monitoring results are not retained in DWSP but are retained by the water treatment plant personnel.

## 4. DESIGN FLOW AND RETENTION TIME

Hydraulic capacity, designed and actual, is noted here. Retention time (the time that a block of water is retained in the plant) is also noted. Maximum, minimum and average flow, as well as a record of the flow rate on the day of sampling, are recorded in DWSP.

## 5. DISTRIBUTION SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

This area includes the storage and transmission characteristics of the distribution system after the water leaves the plant.

## 6. SAMPLING SYSTEM

Each plant is assessed for its adequacy in terms of the sampling of bacteriological, organic and inorganic parameters. Prime considerations in the assessment and design of the sampling system are:

- i/ the sample is an accurate representation of the actual water condition, eg. raw water has had no chemical treatment;
- ii/ the water being sampled is not being modified by the sampling system;
- iii/ the sample tap must be in a clean area of the plant, preferably a lab area; and
- iv/ the sample lines must be organically inert (no plastic, ideally stainless steel).

It is imperative that the sampled water be a reflection not of the sampling system but of the water itself.

The sampling system documentation includes: origin of the water; date sampling was initiated; size, length and material type (intake,

discharge and tap); pump characteristics (model, type, capacity); and flow rate.

## 7. PERSONNEL

This section contains the names, addresses and phone numbers of current plant management and operational staff, distribution system management and operational staff, Medical Officer of Health and appropriate MOE personnel associated with the plant.

### Program Input - Field Data

The second major input to DWSP is field data. Field data is collected at the plant and from the distribution system sites on the day of sampling. Field data consists of general operating conditions and the results of testing for field parameters. General operating conditions include chemicals used, dosages, flow and retention time on the day of sampling, as well as, monthly maximum, minimum and average flows. Field parameters include turbidity, chlorine residuals (free, combined and total), temperature and pH. These parameters are analyzed according to standardized DWSP protocols to allow for interplant comparison.

### Program Input - Laboratory Analytical Data

The third major input to DWSP is Laboratory Analytical Data. Samples gathered from the raw, treated and distribution sampling sites are analyzed for the presence of approximately 180 parameters at a frequency of two to twelve times per year. Sixty-five percent of the parameters are organic. Parameters measured may have health or aesthetic implications when present in drinking water. Many of the parameters may be used in the treatment process or may be treatment by-products. Due to the nature of certain analytical instruments, parameters may be measured in a "scan" producing some results for parameters that are not on the DWSP priority list, but which may be of interest. The majority of parameters are measured on a routine basis. Those that are technically more difficult and/or costly to analyze, however, are done less frequently. These include Specific Pesticides and Chlorophenols.

Although the parameter list is extensive, additional parameters with the potential to cause health or aesthetic related problems may be added provided reliable analytical and sampling methods exist.

All laboratory generated data is derived from standardized, documented analytical protocols. The analytical method is an integral part of the data and as methods change, notation will be made and comparison data documented.

### Program Input - Parameter Reference Information

The fourth major input to DWSP is Parameter Reference Information. This is a catalogue of information for each substance analyzed on DWSP. It includes parameter name and aliases, physical and chemical properties, basic toxicology, world-wide health limits, treatment methods and uses. The Parameter Reference Information is computerized and can be accessed through the Query function of the DWSP database. An example is shown in figure 1.

### Program output - Query

All DWSP information is easily accessed through the Query function, therefore, anything from addresses of plant personnel to complete water quality information for a plant's water supply is instantly available. The DWSP computer system makes relatively complex inquiries manageable. A personal password allowing access into the DWSP query mode in all MOE offices is being developed by the DWSP group.

### Program Output - Action Alerts

Drinking Water quality in Ontario is evaluated against provincial objectives as outlined in the Ontario Drinking Water Objectives publication. Should the reported level of a substance in treated water exceed the Ontario Drinking Water Objective, an "Action Alert" requiring resampling and confirmation is issued. This assures that operational staff, health authorities and the public are notified as soon as possible of the confirmation of an exceedance and remedial action taken. This report supplies a history of the occurrence of past exceedances at the plant plus a historical summary on the parameter of concern.

In the absence of Ontario Drinking Water Objectives, guidelines/limits from other agencies are used. The Parameter Listing System, published by MOE (ISBN 0-7729-4461-X), catalogues and keeps current guidelines for 650 parameters from agencies throughout the world. If these guidelines are exceeded, the results are flagged and evaluated by DWSP personnel. An "Action Alert" will be issued if warranted.



### Program Output - Report Generation

Custom reports can be generated from DWSP to meet MOE Regional needs and to respond to public requests.

### Program Output - Annual Reports

It is the practice of DWSP to produce an annual report containing analytical data along with companion plant information.

FIG.1

MOE - DRINKING WATER ASSESSMENT PROGRAM (DWSP)

PARAMETER REFERENCE INFORMATION

**BENZENE ( B2001P )**

**VOLATILES**

CLASS: HEALTH		METHOD: POCODO		UNIT: µg/L		
SOURCE	FROM	TO	METHOD	GUIDELINE	UNIT	NOTE
CAL C	85/01			0.700	µg/L	AL
CDWG C	87/01			5.000	µg/L	MAC
EPA C	87/07			5.000	µg/L	MCL
EPAA C	80/11			6.600	µg/L	AMBIENT **
FERC C	84/05			1.000	µg/L	MCL
WHO C	84/01			10.000	µg/L	GV

**DESCRIPTION:NAME: BENZENE**

**CAS#:** 71-43-2

**MOLECULAR FORMULAE:** C<sub>6</sub>H<sub>6</sub>

**DETECTION LIMIT:** (FOR METHOD POCODO) 0.05 µg/L

**SYNONYMS:** BENZOL; BENZOLE; COAL NAPHTHA; CARBON OIL (27).  
CYCLOHEXATRIENE (41).

**CHARACTERISTICS:** COLOURLESS TO LIGHT-YELLOW, MOBILE, NON-POLAR LIQUID, OF HIGHLY REFRACTIVE NATURE, AROMATIC ODOUR; VAPOURS BURN WITH SMOKING FLAME (30).

**PROPERTIES:** SOLUBILITY IN WATER: 1780-1800 mg/L AT 25C (41).  
THRESHOLD ODOUR: 0.5 - 10 PPM IN WATER  
THRESHOLD TASTE: 0.5 mg/L IN WATER (39).

**ENVIRONMENTAL FATE:** MAY BIOACCUMULATE IN LIVING ORGANISMS AND APPEARS TO ACCUMULATE IN ANIMAL TISSUES THAT EXHIBIT A HIGH LIPID CONTENT OR REPRESENT MAJOR METABOLIC SITES, SUCH AS LIVER OR BRAIN; SMALL QUANTITIES EVAPORATE FROM SOILS OR ARE DEGRADED RATHER QUICKLY (80).

**SOURCES:** COMMERCIAL: PETROLEUM REFINING; SOLVENT RECOVERY; COAL TAR DISTILLATION (39); FOOD PROCESSING AND TANNING INDUSTRIES; COMBUSTION OF CAR EXHAUST.  
ENVIRONMENTAL: POSSIBLE SOURCE IS RUNOFF.

**USES:** DETERGENTS; NYLON; INTERMEDIATE IN PRODUCTION OF OTHER COMPOUNDS, SUCH AS PESTICIDES; SOLVENT FOR EXTRACTION AND RECTIFICATION IN RUBBER INDUSTRY; DEGREASING AND CLEANSING AGENT; GASOLINE.

**TOXICITY:** RATING: 4 (VERY TOXIC).  
ACUTE: IRRITATING TO MUCOUS MEMBRANES; SYMPTOMS INCLUDE RESTLESSNESS, CONVULSIONS, EXCITEMENT, DEPRESSION; DEATH MAY FOLLOW RESPIRATORY FAILURE.  
CHRONIC: MAY CAUSE ANAEMIA AND LEUKAEMIA (45);  
MUTAGENIC.  
MODE OF ACTION: CHROMOABERRATION IN LYMPHOCYTE CULTURES.

**CARCINOGENICITY:** A KNOWN HUMAN CARCINOGEN.

**REMOVAL:** THE FOLLOWING PROCESSES HAVE BEEN SUCCESSFUL IN REMOVING BENZENE FROM WASTEWATER: GAC ADSORPTION, PRECIPITATION WITH ALUM AND SUBSEQUENT REMOVAL VIA SEDIMENTATION, COAGULATION AND FLOCCULATION, SOLVENT EXTRACTION, OXIDATION

**ADDITIONAL PROPERTIES:**

MOLECULAR WEIGHT: 78.12  
MELTING POINT: 5.5°C (27).  
BOILING POINT: 80.1°C (27).  
SPECIFIC GRAVITY: 0.8790 AT 20°C (27).  
VAPOUR PRESSURE: 100 MM AT 26.1°C (27).  
HENRY'S LAW CONSTANT: 0.00555 ATM-M<sup>3</sup>/MOLE (41).  
LOG OCT./WATER PARTITION COEFFICIENT: 1.95 TO 2.13 (39).  
CARBON ADSORPTION: K=1.0; 1/N=1.6; R=0.97; PH=5.3 (41)  
SEDIMENT/WATER PARTITION COEFFICIENT: NO DATA  
**NOTES:** EPA PRIORITY POLLUTANT.



## Appendix B

### DWSP SAMPLING GUIDELINE

#### i) Raw and Treated at Plant

##### General Chemistry

- 500 mL plastic bottle (PET 500)
- rinse bottle and cap with sample water three times
- fill to 2 cm from top

##### Bacteriological

- 220 mL plastic bottle with white seal on cap
- do not rinse bottle, preservative has been added
- avoid touching bottle neck or inside of cap
- fill to top of red label as marked

##### Metals

- 500 mL plastic bottle (PET 500)
- rinse bottle and cap three times
- fill to 2 cm from top
- add 10 drops nitric acid ( $\text{HNO}_3$ )  
(Caution:  $\text{HNO}_3$  is corrosive)

##### Volatiles (duplicates) (OPOPUP)

- 45 mL glass vial with septum (teflon side must be in contact with sample)
- do not rinse bottle
- fill bottle completely without bubbles

##### Organics (OWOC), (OWTRI), (OAPAHX)

- 1 L amber glass bottle per scan
- do not rinse bottle
- fill to 2 cm from top
- when 'special pesticides' are requested three extra bottles must be filled

Cyanide	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>-500 mL plastic bottle (PET 500)</li> <li>-rinse bottle and cap three times</li> <li>-fill to 2 cm from top</li> <li>-add 10 drops sodium hydroxide (NaOH) (Caution: NaOH is corrosive)</li> </ul>
Mercury	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>-250 mL glass bottle</li> <li>-rinse bottle and cap three times</li> <li>-fill to top of label</li> <li>-add 20 drops each nitric acid (<math>\text{HNO}_3</math>) and potassium dichromate (<math>\text{K}_2\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7</math>) (Caution: <math>\text{HNO}_3</math> &amp; <math>\text{K}_2\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7</math> are corrosive)</li> </ul>
Phenols	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>-250 mL glass bottle</li> <li>-do <u>not</u> rinse bottle, preservative has been added</li> <li>-fill to top of label</li> </ul>
Radionuclides (as scheduled)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>-4 L plastic jug</li> <li>-do <u>not</u> rinse, carrier added</li> <li>-fill to 5 cm from top</li> </ul>
Organic Characterization (GC/MS - once per year)	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>-1 L amber glass bottle; instructions as per organic</li> <li>-250 mL glass bottle</li> <li>-do <u>not</u> rinse bottle</li> <li>-fill completely without bubbles</li> </ul>

Steps:

1. Let sampling water tap run for an adequate time to clear the sample line.
2. Record time of day on submission sheet.
3. Record temperature on submission sheet.
4. Fill up all bottles as per instructions.
5. Record chlorine residuals (free, combined and total for treated water only), turbidity and pH on submission sheet.

## ii) Distribution Samples (standing water)

### General Chemistry

- 500 mL plastic bottle (PET 500)
- rinse bottle and cap with sample water three times
- fill to 2 cm from top

### Metals

- 500 mL plastic bottle (PET 500)
- rinse bottle and cap three times
- fill to 2 cm from top
- add 10 drops nitric acid ( $\text{HNO}_3$ )  
(Caution:  $\text{HNO}_3$  is corrosive)

### Steps:

1. Record time of day on submission sheet.
2. Place bucket under tap and open cold water.
3. Fill to predetermined volume.
4. After mixing the water, record the temperature on the submission sheet.
5. Fill general chemistry and metals bottles.
6. Record chlorine residuals (free, combined and total), turbidity and pH on submission sheet.

## iii) Distribution Samples (free flow)

### General Chemistry

- 500 mL plastic bottle (PET 500)
- rinse bottle and cap with sample water three times
- fill to 2 cm from top

### Bacteriological

- 250 mL plastic bottle with white seal on cap
- do not rinse bottle, preservative has been added
- avoid touching bottle neck or inside of cap
- fill to top of red label as marked

## Metals

- 500 mL plastic bottle (PET 500)
- rinse bottle and cap three times
- fill to 2 cm from top
- add 10 drops nitric acid  $\text{HNO}_3$   
(Caution:  $\text{HNO}_3$  is corrosive)

## Volatiles (duplicate) (OPOPUP)

- 45 mL glass vial with septum  
(teflon side must be in contact  
with sample)
- do not rinse bottle, preservative  
has been added
- fill bottle completely without  
bubbles

## Organics (OWOC) (OAPAHX)

- 1 L amber glass bottle per scan
- do not rinse bottle
- fill to 2 cm from top

## Steps:

1. Record time of day on submission sheet.
2. Let cold water flow for five minutes.
3. Record temperature on submission sheet.
4. Fill all bottles as per instructions.
5. Record chlorine residuals (free, combined and total),  
turbidity and pH on submission sheet.

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